

Iron County Register

BY E. D. AKE.

IRONTON, MISSOURI.

The steamers of the Castle line will henceforth cease calling at Hamburg and Flushing, en route to Africa, and have ceased booking passengers for Madeira and Las Palmas.

The Berlin Post publishes a letter from a Hamburg physician who makes grave charges of neglect against the authorities of that city for their want of proper effort to extirpate the cholera.

At a meeting of the hospital authorities in Hamburg, on the 30th, it was stated that Prof. Koch was of the opinion that the epidemic in that city would abate as quickly as it had increased.

MARACAYBO, on the northwest, like Puerto Cabello, on the north, and Ciudad Bolivar, on the Orinoco river, has fallen into the hands of the Venezuelan rebels, who follow the leadership of Gen. Crespo.

During the month of August the United States treasury sent out, principally to the west and northwest, south and southwest, about \$7,000,000 in silver certificates of small denominations for use in moving the crops.

ALEXANDER KIRKLAND, a prominent resident of Chicago and well known throughout the country as a leader among Scotch Americans, died, on the 28th, at the home of his son, Robert B. Kirkland, in Jefferson, Wis.

Prof. J. O. ATTLICK, medical examiner at the university of Edinburgh, states in an article on cholera that high temperature favors development, but that some of the severe epidemics have raged with the greatest fury in the winter.

Augusta, Ga., was visited, on the 27th, by a \$200,000 fire. The daily Chronicle's morning edition was worked off while the building was in flames. Everything in the office was consumed, save the files of the paper for 100 years.

D. H. MONROE, one of the leaders of the riotous miners in east Tennessee, had a preliminary examination before Squire Kincaid at Coal Creek, on the 26th, and was held to the criminal court without bail on a charge of murder in the first degree.

On the 29th Home Secretary Asquith conveyed the condolences of the government to the mourning women of Aberkenfig, Wales, who had lost husbands or sons in the coal mine disaster, saying that she, too, knew what it was to lose husband and children.

The federal authorities of the United States of Colombia have issued an order closing the ports on the Atlantic coast of Colombia to all vessels arriving from ports infected with cholera. This puts a check at once upon commerce with Germany, France and Belgium.

Gov. ABRETT of New Jersey said in an interview, on the 30th, that if the attorney general did not have the power to enforce the injunction issued against the Reading coal deal, he would probably call an extra session of the legislature for that purpose.

The Berlin Reichsanzeiger states that all guards on German passenger trains are to be provided with a mixture of laudanum and ether with instructions to administer from twenty to thirty drops of the liquid to any person seized with cholera symptoms while traveling.

The dark picture of the awful mine disaster at Aberkenfig, Wales, was somewhat relieved, on the morning of the 27th, when nineteen of the imprisoned miners were found alive and brought to the surface. Others, to the number of over thirty, were afterwards rescued.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY miners were entombed by an explosion in the Aberkenfig mine, near Bridgend, Wales, on the 26th. Strong efforts were made to reach and rescue them until, flames issuing from the pit, all hope of saving any of the unfortunate men alive was abandoned.

VIC-CHANCELLOR BIRD of Trenton, N. J., appointed Thomas P. Curley, of Camden, as receiver of the Iron Hall to wind up the affairs of the order in New Jersey. Mr. Curley will be required to furnish bonds in the sum of \$200,000. It is estimated that the sum involved in the state is about \$100,000.

HEALTH OFFICER KEENEY, of San Francisco, has written a letter to Mayor Sanderson calling attention to the spread of cholera throughout Europe. He suggests that immediate action be taken by the city authorities to prepare for its advent, even though its coming be only remotely probable.

THREE THOUSAND poor children of Cincinnati were given an outing, on the 20th, by the Post. Three elegant passenger steamboats carried the little ones and their attendants on an excursion twenty miles down the river and back to Parlor Grove, where a substantial luncheon was spread for them.

The steamship companies of Glasgow have telegraphed to their European agents to suspend for the present the acceptance of any emigrants by the Glasgow lines for American and other destinations. Considerable apprehension already exists in Glasgow with regard to the Russian and other emigrants who have recently arrived there to take passage.

TWO MORE strikers were arrested at Homestead, Pa., on the 31st, and were given a hearing before Alderman Masters. R. H. Tyler and Joseph Knippe, Pinkerton detectives, were placed on the witness stand, and caused consternation to the defense by producing working cards, issued to them by the Duquesne lodge of the Amalgamated association, into which they had been initiated a short time before the strike.

MR. GODDARD, the city editor of the New York World, and four of his staff of reporters on the towboat J. W. Husted, attempted to visit the cholera-infected steamer Moravia in the lower bay on the 31st. They were placed under arrest and taken before Health Officer Jenkins at Quarantine, S. I. As they did not succeed in boarding the steamer the health officer discharged them with a reprimand.

NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

JAMES R. MORTON was hanged at Camden, N. J., on the 29th, for the murder of an aged colored woman, Lydia Ann Watt, in May last.

Gov. BUCHANAN of Tennessee had so far recovered from his recent indisposition on the 29th as to be able to go to the state capital and attend to some pressing matters.

Gov. EAGLE of Arkansas, who is at the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. John Doty, near Richmond, Ky., was, on the 25th, declared by his physician, Dr. Stuckey, of Louisville, to be in a serious condition.

The outbreak of the 26th indicated an increase in the virulence of the cholera epidemic in Russia and in Hamburg, Germany.

JOHN M. BURKE, of Spokane, was nominated by the democrats of Idaho, on the 27th, for governor.

HON. J. RAYMOND TUCKER, of Virginia, was elected president of the American Bar association at Saratoga, N. Y., on the 29th.

HAL POINTER won the pacing match with Direct finished at Columbus, O., on the 28th. Best time, 2:15 1/4.

The tug Cornelia, lying at the foot of Baltic street, Brooklyn, sprang a leak, on the 27th, and immediately sank. The engineer, William P. Seid, was drowned.

A COMPANY has been incorporated for the purpose of putting a big international dam across the Rio Grande five miles above El Paso, Tex., for the purpose of irrigation, both in Mexico and the United States. The construction of this dam will create an inland lake fifteen miles long and about five miles wide, with an average depth of twenty-five feet.

DR. THOMAS NEILL CREAM, the alleged American poisoner, was up again in the Bow-street (London) police court, on the 27th, and held, on the evidence, on four charges of murder, namely, the poisoning of Matilda Glover, of Ellen Deaworth, and of the girls Shirrell and Marsh. The cases now go to the grand jury.

The prevalence of cholera in Western Europe is generally ascribed to Russia's inhuman policy of driving out the Jews, who carried broadcast the seeds of the pestilence.

THE Russian town of Mezir, on the river Pripet, was destroyed by fire, on the 27th, and nearly all of its 5,000 population are homeless and in great want. The Afro-American Migration society has been incorporated at Chicago for the purpose of assisting southern negroes to go to the north and northwest.

THREE HUNDRED of the Tennessee troops at Coal Creek have been granted on furloughs.

A great disquiet among German farmers over the proposed treaty with Russia.

THOMAS WOOLLEY, consular agent for the United States in Corfu, Greece, died on the 27th.

The Blue Grass exposition and fair at Creston, Ia., a proved great success.

A CALIFORNIA judge has decided that the day of execution having passed, a condemned murderer is dead in the eyes of the law, though not hanged.

AN investigation by the Porte reveals the fact that the burning of the house of Rev. Mr. Bartlett, the American missionary, at Bourdour, in Asia Minor, was due to the carelessness of an American servant and not to the fanaticism of the natives.

SEVERAL persons, including three or four firemen, were injured during the progress of a fire at a five-story building in Wooster street, New York city, on the 27th. The loss reached \$100,000.

The theater end of the Metropolitan opera house building in New York city was destroyed by a fire which started in some unaccountable manner on the stage on the morning of the 27th. The loss is estimated at \$500,000.

THE Chilean government has prohibited sealing in the straits of Magellan, the Chile islands and Juan Fernandez.

The main building of the Muncie, (Ind.) mill was destroyed by fire on the morning of the 27th, together with forty-eight nail machines. Loss, \$100,000; about half covered by insurance. Three hundred men are thrown out of employment.

A SENSATION was caused in Buffalo, N. Y., on the 27th, by the announcement that Bank Examiner Witten had found two of the local savings associations, of which there are a large number in the city, in a rotten condition.

The story of the loss of the steam yacht Wahpeti, with Hiram W. Sibley, of Rochester, N. Y., family and guests, in the Georgian bay, made public on the morning of the 27th, proves to be a cruel canard.

On the 29th architects began preparing plans for two hotels of about 100 rooms each to be erected just outside of the city at Munhall station, Pa. The use of single employees of the Carnegie Steel Co. The buildings will be fitted with all possible conveniences, and the men will be furnished with nice rooms and good food for a small sum per week.

REGARDING the change in the class of armor plate for the war ship New York, now being built at Cramp's shipyard at Philadelphia, Secretary Lovejoy of the Carnegie Steel Co. says that his company is acting under orders of the navy department. The secretary refused to discuss the relative merits of the two classes of armor.

THE Marquis de Mores was put on trial in Paris, on the 29th, on the charge of manslaughter in having killed Capt. Meyer, of the French army, last June, by running him through the right lung with a sword in a duel fought by De Mores and Capt. Meyer, owing to Meyer's resentment of De Mores' insult to Hebrews.

ANTON POTZEL, of New York, who was found on the street, on the 28th, and taken to Bellevue hospital suffering from what was supposed to be symptoms of Asiatic cholera, was much better the next morning, and the physicians diagnosed the case as simply one of cholera morbus.

The recent grain of North Dakota has been much damaged by recent rains.

HUGH O'DONNELL, the Homestead (Pa.) labor leader, was put under bail, on the 30th, to answer to charges of conspiracy and aggravated riot. He waived a hearing on the charge of riot and gave bail.

LOUIS LEONTE, an employee of the Woman's art exhibition in the Palais de l'Industrie, in Paris, has disappeared with diamonds and jewelry valued at \$250,000 francs, stolen from the exhibition. LUCIANO MENDEZA has declared himself dictator of Venezuela, and is seeking to oust Gen. Urdaneta.

Official orders have been posted throughout Berlin announcing that Asiatic cholera exists there and containing exhaustive advice to the public on the subject of sanitary arrangements.

IDA SAMAN, the 7-year-old child of Russian emigrants, who was taken to the hospital in London, on the 29th, suspected of having cholera, died on the 30th. The post mortem examination revealed acute inflammation of the bowels, but not cholera.

REDFERN, ALEXANDER & Co., merchants and bankers, of London, Australia and New Zealand, have failed, with liabilities amounting to £250,000.

The authorities of Antwerp have begun vigorous efforts to stamp out the cholera, the existence of which they no longer attempt to deny.

THE Marquis de Mores and the four seconds in the duel in which the marquis killed Capt. Meyer, were acquitted in Paris on the 30th.

FOUR emigrants from Russia on their way to America were stricken at Liverpool, on the 30th, with what appeared to be cholera.

PRESIDENT HARRISON, accompanied by Chairman Carter and Russell Harrison, arrived at White Plains, N. Y., on the 31st, and was met at the station by Whitelaw Reid and escorted to Ophir farm. There was a large crowd at the station. Later in the day ex-Senator Platt arrived with Mr. J. E. Mulholland, of New York.

The cholera, after destroying thousands in Tchernan, Persia, is now on the decrease. The deaths from the disease on the 30th amounted to 239, a decrease of 600 compared with the number of deaths reported ten days previously.

NANCY HAWKS again lowered the world's trotting record, at Independence, Mo., on the 31st, making a mile in 2:05 1/4, beating her own best previous time of 2:07 1/4, made at Chicago three weeks previously.

A MAN and woman and two horses were killed by a train at crossing near Rensselaer, Ind., on the 31st.

MR. HON. JOHN MOBLEY, chief secretary for Ireland, went, on the 31st, on a visit to Andrew Carnegie, the American iron millionaire, at the lodge at Loch Rannoch, Perthshire, Scotland.

The scuffling match between Edward Hanlan and Charles Stephenson, the champion of New Zealand, was rowed at Toronto, Ont., on the 31st, and was won by Hanlan by two lengths.

GOV. McKINNEY of Virginia, on the 31st, notified the counsel for Talton Hall that he would not interfere with the trial of the law, and that Hall must die.

H. C. FRICK paid a visit to the Carnegie mills at Homestead, Pa., on the 31st, for the first time since the lockout began. He was received by Supt. Potter and made a tour of inspection of the premises.

JACOB HESBICH, the venerable head of the Economic society, was reported, on the 31st, as being seriously ill at Pittsburgh, Pa., his recovery not being expected.

The Michigan state board of health, on the 31st, sent a request to President Harrison, by telegraph, that immigration be suspended until all danger of cholera is passed.

GEORGE W. ADAMS, who claimed to have saved an express train from wreck near Enon, Pa., on the 26th, now confesses that he got up the scheme himself to obtain a reward from the railroad company.

JAMES HUTTON and Frank Kinsey, farmers, have been arrested at Sedan, Kas., in connection with the murder of Frazier and Gibbons, two cattle owners of Chautauque county, two years ago. Twelve more arrests are expected, and it is said that a sensational plot will be revealed.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS died at his home in West Brighton, Staten Island, early on the morning of the 31st. The attending physicians were not agreed as to the nature of Mr. Curtis' malady, and it was understood that an autopsy would be made.

WHILE W. E. Smith and his brother were riding on the street car which was taken to Sherman, N. Y., on the evening of the 29th, the former dropped from his machine dead.

EUROPEANS TALKED ABOUT. It is fifty-nine years since Mr. Gladstone took his seat in the house of commons.

The queen has knighted the lord mayor of London, conferring upon him the order of St. Michael and St. George. It is stated that the prince of Wales will visit Canada next year, and that he will make a trip to the Pacific coast over the Canadian Pacific railroad, stopping at the Chicago fair en route.

JAMES KIER HARDIE, the labor candidate who was elected to parliament, was taken to the city hospital and sufficiently restored to give his name and to say that he had tried in vain to get work and took poison to his troubles. He is about 25 years old and had formerly worked at Fort Scott, Kan.

The other day Anthony Corcoran, a farmer living four miles east of St. Joseph, uncovered an old well in a pasture for the purpose of drawing water for his cattle. An awl stench which he took to be a combination of chemicals, together new, is made, and their action is so slow, yet strong, that the current generated will last with constant use, from estimates now made, from three to five years. An ordinary battery is good for only twelve hours. The inventor throws a bright light on his secret by saying that a reversal of the current causes a reoxidation of the chemicals, thus strengthening the battery. The battery was exhibited last week in Cincinnati to representatives of the Edison Phonograph Co., the Fan and Motor Co., and a representative of the Big Four.

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NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Mrs. Alice M. Butterfield, wife of A. G. Butterfield, the Rockaway Beach jeweler, and who was supposed to have committed suicide by drowning, Monday, was found late in the afternoon lying in a cataleptic state in a clump of bushes near the house of Wm. Raynor, at Good Ground, L. I., where she was passing the summer. She was unconscious and unable to move a muscle. Her arms and limbs as well as her head fell back limply when moved and to all outward appearances she was dead. A more careful examination showed that life was not extinct. Medical assistance was summoned, but she has not yet recovered consciousness.

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Yellow Fever Epidemic and Cholera Said to Exist in Venezuela.

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Stricken Russian Immigrants Isolated.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 1.—The four Russian emigrants who were stricken with cholera Tuesday, just as they were about to depart to the United States, have been isolated at Park Hill hospital. The place is excellently situated for complete isolation, the grounds about the hospital being fifteen acres in extent and well guarded against intrusion. The attending physicians state that there is now no doubt whatever that the disease with which these four Russians are afflicted is Asiatic cholera of malignant type.

Chairman Frick at Homestead Mills.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., Sept. 1.—Henry C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie Steel Co., limited, visited Homestead for the first time since the lockout of the company's employees. He left Pittsburgh on the 8:35 a.m. train for the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston railroad, and remained in his seat until the train had reached Munhall station, located on the Carnegie property. Apparently unobserved, he stepped inside the mill-yard gate, and was received by Supt. Potter and other of the company officials.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

NEAR Downing, the other day, Mrs. West, 75 years old, wife of a farmer, was struck by a Keokuk freight train and killed. She was walking along the track.

HARRY POINTER, a young man, suicided at Moberly the other day. He left letters to his relatives begging forgiveness for what appears to have been a fast and wayward life.

The democratic convention of the Fourth district nominated Hon. D. D. Barnes, of St. Joseph, for congress, by acclamation. He is a son of the late Congressman Barnes.

ARTHUR KIBBEL, an elevator boy, fell through a hatchway of the Wyeth tinware factory at St. Joseph the other day, from the third floor to the basement, sustaining fatal injuries.

The other day Miss Birdie Donaldson, of St. Joseph, attempted to replenish a gasoline stove before the burners were extinguished. The result was an explosion which caused her death.

The democratic primary elections in the First district resulted in favor of Col. Hetch as the democratic nominee for congress, whose majority in the district over Giles is placed at over 500.

The body of the unknown man found in the well near St. Joseph the other day has been identified as that of John W. Greene, of Oregon, Mo. His wife of the evening of his disappearance money and it was supposed he was murdered and robbed and his body dropped in the well.

ANNE JOHNSON, known a few years ago as the "pretty flower girl of St. Louis," suicided in that city the other day by taking poison. She was 27 years old, and the cause of the act was thought to have been the result of a quarrel with her lover, who struck her a severe blow.

REV. JOHN B. JACOBS, pastor of the First Methodist church of Webb City, Mo., drowned while on a day's outing in Springfield river. When the body was taken from the river it was found that he had caught his clothing in a trotline, which held him down where the water was scarcely above his head.

The state campaign was formally opened by the democrats at St. Louis this morning. The announcement made by the first that the world's fair today start up the steel departments regardless of whether their former employees reported for duty or not, attracted the men who refused to go to work pending a settlement of the steel scale to the streets surrounding the works.

General officers were placed on guard, but there was no disturbance to call for their interference. Shortly after 9 o'clock a sufficient number of men had been secured to start up the bessemer department, and the converter was put into operation.

Some of the men at work were old employees who had gone back to their former positions, while the remainder of the crew was made up of non-union men. Up to noon five heats had been cast into ingots. As soon, however, as this new steel was transferred to the steel department the puddlers, roughers, rollers, muck hoppers and horse-shoe workers came out on a strike.

All departments of the mill were then closed down, except the bessemer, which continued making steel ingots. In all about 400 men quit work.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY. A Self-Renewing Electric Storage Battery Explained to Run from Three to Five Years.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Aug. 31.—Dr. Winfield Bryan, a local electrician, has made a wonderful discovery in a practically self-sustaining storage battery. He is a man of long experience in electrical matters and a great investigator.

He has been working on his invention for two years, and it now promises to work wonders in the mechanical world. Dr. Bryan's battery is wholly different from anything of the kind heretofore manufactured. Not yet being protected by patents he will not tell exactly what his valuable secret is except in a general way. A combination of chemicals, together new, is made, and their action is so slow, yet strong, that the current generated will last with constant use, from estimates now made, from three to five years. An ordinary battery is good for only twelve hours. The inventor throws a bright light on his secret by saying that a reversal of the current causes a reoxidation of the chemicals, thus strengthening the battery. The battery was exhibited last week in Cincinnati to representatives of the Edison Phonograph Co., the Fan and Motor Co., and a representative of the Big Four.

Edward Grimm was recently found in a dying condition from the effects of poison taken with suicidal intent, at Forest park, St. Louis. He was taken to the city hospital and sufficiently restored to give his name and to say that he had tried in vain to get work and took poison to his troubles. He is about 25 years old and had formerly worked at Fort Scott, Kan.

The other day Anthony Corcoran, a farmer living four miles east of St. Joseph, uncovered an old well in a pasture for the purpose of drawing water for his cattle. An awl stench which he took to be a combination of chemicals, together new, is made, and their action is so slow, yet strong, that the current generated will last with constant use, from estimates now made, from three to five years. An ordinary battery is good for only twelve hours. The inventor throws a bright light on his secret by saying that a reversal of the current causes a reoxidation of the chemicals, thus strengthening the battery. The battery was exhibited last week in Cincinnati to representatives of the Edison Phonograph Co., the Fan and Motor Co., and a representative of the Big Four.

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HUGH O'DONNELL.

The Leader of the Homestead (Pa.) Lock-Out Mill Men, Held to Answer Charges of Conspiracy and Aggravated Riot—Wholesale Arrests Foreshadowed.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 31.—Hugh O'Donnell, the Homestead leader, was put under bail yesterday morning to answer to charges of conspiracy and aggravated riot. He waived a hearing on the charge of riot and gave bail. The information was sworn out by the Carnegie Steel Co. Mr. O'Donnell was the only striker who was placed under bonds yesterday morning. The hearing will take place on Thursday. Mr. O'Donnell said there were no new developments in the strike.

Wholesale arrests are expected for the remainder of the week. One of the spies employed to watch the Homestead strikers says that forty-four informations have been made. He asserts that the papers in 108 other cases have been prepared.

Secretary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie company, did not deny the above statement of facts, but he made the figures larger. He said no more informations would be made this week. Thus far there have been considerably more than 100 warrants issued. He would not give the exact number.

"How many persons for whom you have warrants have left Homestead?" "We cannot say exactly, but I do not believe more than a half a dozen. I cannot tell how many informations will be made in all, nor can I say how many informations will be made next week. That matter is almost wholly in the hands of our attorneys. They have the list of persons liable to charges, and when they have examined the evidence the suits will be entered. I can tell you, however, that a good many informations will be made. The attorneys have a list of 800 to choose from, and we have evidence against all."

THE LABOR KALEIDOSCOPE. One Department Starts Up With Old and New Men, and Another Closes Down.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 31.—There was much excitement in the vicinity of Schoenberger's mills, between Fourteenth and Sixteenth streets, this morning. The announcement made by the first that the world's fair today start up the steel departments regardless of whether their former employees reported for duty or not, attracted the men who refused to go to work pending a settlement of the steel scale to the streets surrounding the works.

General officers were placed on guard, but there was no disturbance to call for their interference. Shortly after 9 o'clock a sufficient number of men had been secured to start up the bessemer department, and the converter was put into operation.

Some of the men at work were old employees who had gone back to their former positions, while the remainder of the crew was made up of non-union men. Up to noon five heats had been cast into ingots. As soon, however, as this new steel was transferred to the steel department the puddlers, roughers, rollers, muck hoppers and horse-shoe workers came out on a strike.

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